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Ukraine FAIRS Export Certificate Report Report Update 2007

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Report Highlights:

This report update contains information on required U.S. export certificates for food and agricultural products imported into Ukraine, including new certificates for pork and beef products. A broad range of products are covered in the report which contains certificate requirements for products that are not legally exportable to Ukraine or products for which market access negotiations are in progress. The report contains the Export Certificate Matrix, which is compiled and updated by FAS Kyiv.

Includes PSD Changes: No Includes Trade Matrix: No

Annual Report Kyiv [UP1]

[UP]

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This report was prepared by the Office of Agricultural Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Kyiv, Ukraine for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care was taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY'S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY.

Executive Summary

The government of Ukraine (GOU) requires a number of certificates upon product entry to assure food safety, product quality, veterinary and plant health. Some of these certificates (phyto-sanitary, veterinary, health and quality certificates) must be issued by the appropriate U.S. regulatory agency [e.g.: USDA's Food Safety Inspection Service (FSIS), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS), Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and USDOC's National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)] in accordance with U.S. regulations and, in certain cases, must contain specific attestation requirements that were negotiated by these agencies with their Ukrainian counterparts. Certificate of origin, health and quality certificates may be issued by freight forwarders, exporters, producers or by AMS within its voluntary quality programs.

U.S. exporters should exercise great caution when using the information provided in this report for beef, pork, processed meat products, live hogs, porcine semen and other certification requirements for products highlighted in red. Exporters should always consult with appropriate U.S. government regulatory agencies on whether required attestations can be made. Certain attestations required by Ukrainian regulators CAN NOT be granted by U.S. regulators.

For information on overall Ukrainian food and agricultural product quality, safety, and sanitation regulations, labeling, packaging, food additives, maximum residue levels, and documentation requirements after submission of export certificates as well as some product-specific requirements, please refer to the <u>Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Report</u>

This report does not contain actual copies of existing Export Certificate Forms, but the report identifies every bilateral certificate and includes all statements that are contained in the certificate. Both FSIS and APHIS have not posted samples of actual certificates on their web-pages in an attempt to reduce certificate forgeries. The State Committee for Veterinary Medicine of Ukraine follows the same approach.

This new report contains new pork and beef certificates.

SECTION I. EXPORT CERTIFICATES MATRIX

The following table includes information on export certificates required by Ukrainian legislation and regulations.

	<u> </u>	Attostation		Ukraine's
Products	Title of the	Attestation Required on the	Purpose	Requesting
Fioducts	Certificate	Certificate	Fulpose	Ministry
All imported Products	Certificate of Origin	Products were produced in the United States of America (see sample certificate in Appendix I)	Custom Clearance	State Customs Service of Ukraine
All imported Products	Quality Certificate	Product meets certain quality standard	Human Health/ Technical Regulations	State Committee for Technical Regulations and Consumer Policy
All plant products	Phytosanitary Certificate (PPQ Form 577)	Pest-free and fumigation attestations as required in the Ukrainian Import Phytosanitary Permit issued for each shipment	Plant health	State Plant Quarantine Inspection Service of the Ministry of Agricultural Policy of Ukraine
Processed Plant Products (nuts in bulk that are salted, roasted, or vacuum- packed, oilseed cake of any kind, pelletized plant material, soy- fortified products, soy protein, thread waste from cotton milling and wood products)	Export Certificate for Processed Plant Products	As per the Ukrainian import permit.	Plant health	State Plant Quarantine Inspection Service of the Ministry of Agricultural Policy of Ukraine
All food products (except for those listed below in Appendix III)	Health (Hygienic) Certificate	"Products fit for human consumption"	Human health	State Sanitary Service, Ministry of Health Care
Meat and meat Products				
Pork and Products	Veterinary Certificate for Pork and Pork Products Exported to Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 22 for complete list of requirements	Animal health/ Human health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Beef and Products	Veterinary Certificate for Beef and Beef products Exported to Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 22 for complete list of requirements	Animal health/ Human health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Poultry Meat	Veterinary Certificate for Import of Poultry to Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 23 for complete list of requirements	Human health /Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Canned Meat, Sausage, and other Prepared Meat Products	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate, but imports are possible if <u>ALL</u> requirements are met and certified by a US veterinary inspector)	See Appendix III, Chapter 25 for complete list of requirements	Animal health/ Human health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Other Products Subject to Veterinary Control				
Milk and Milk Products	Veterinary Certificate for Milk and Milk Products Exported Into Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 27 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine

Edible Fish, Seafood, and Heat Treated Prepared Products	Health Certificate for Fishery and Aquaculture Products Intended for Export to Ukraine **** (See Appendix II) ***	See Appendix III, Chapter 29 for complete list of requirements	Animal health / Human Health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Hide, Horn and Hoof, Gut, Fur, Sheepskin and Astrakhan Raw Materials, Wool and Goat Fluff, Bristle, Horsehair, Feathers and Down from Hens, Ducks, Geese and Other Birds	Veterinary Certificate for animal gelatin (not intended for human consumption), hides, horn-hoof, furs, sheep pelt, lambskin, goat under-fur material, wool hair, coat horse hair, down and feather of chicken, duck, goose and other species for export into Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 30 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Natural Porcine Casings	Veterinary Certificate for Natural Casings, Exported to Ukraine (Attention, the Certificate Covers only Porcine Casings!)	No specific requirements are set by Ukraine except for preservation of exported materials for a 30 day period by a method, which insures veterinary and sanitary safety.	Animal health/ Human Health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Spray Dried Animal Protein for Feed Use	Veterinary Certificate for Spray Dried Animal Protein for Use as Animal Feed, as Feed Additive for Export to Ukraine. Spray Dried Feed and Feed Additives of Animal Origin	The Attestation requirements are similar to those listed for Hide, Horn, Hoof etc., but the commodity is subject to Feeds and Fodder registration procedures*	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Fish Meal	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 31 for a complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Fodder and Feed Additives of Animal Origin Including Those Manufactured from Poultry and Fish	Veterinary Certificate* (There is no agreed certificate except Certificate for Spray Dried Blood listed below)	See Appendix III, Chapter 32 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Animal Feed of Plant Origin (Feed Grains, Soybeans, Groundnut and Soybean meal)	Veterinary Certificate (See certificate for processed plant products. Consult APHIS inspector regarding veterinary requirements)	See Appendix III, Chapter 33 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Pet Food	Veterinary Certificate for Pet Food Exported into Ukraine from the United States	See Appendix III, Chapter 34 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Live Animals				
Breeding Cattle and Utility Cattle	U.S. Origin Health Certificate for Export of Cattle from the United States to Ukraine ****	See Appendix III, Chapter 1 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Bovine Semen	U.S. Origin Health certificate for the exportation of Bovine Semen to Ukraine	See Appendix III, Chapter 2 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Cattle Embryos	Veterinary Certificate**	See Appendix III, Chapter 3 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Pedigree and Utility Sheep and Goats	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral	See Appendix III, Chapter 5 for complete list of	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine

	Certificate)	requirements		
		•		
Pedigree and Utility Pigs	Veterinary Certificate**	See Appendix III, Chapter 7 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Porcine Semen	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 8 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Breeding, Utility, and Racing Horses	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 10 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Racing Horses (Temporal entry)	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 11 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Sperm from Stud- horses	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 12 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Day-old Chicks of Different Poultry Species and Incubator Eggs	Veterinary Certificate (There is no agreed bilateral Certificate)	See Appendix III, Chapter 14 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine
Live Fish, Fertilized Hard-Roe, Crawfish, Mollusks, Food Invertebrates and other Live Aquatics to Ukraine	Health Certificate for the Export of Live Mollusks and Products #(See Appendix II)*** Health Certificate for the Export of Live Finfish and Products #(See Appendix II)* Health Certificate for the Export of Live Crustaceans and Products # (See Appendix II)***	See Appendix III, Chapter 17 for complete list of requirements	Animal health	State Committee of Veterinary Medicine

^{*} Import of all Pet Food and Feed Additives into Ukraine are subject to registration.

#Certificates are posted on the official State Veterinary Committee of Ukraine web site. Links are provided in the table above.

SECTION II. PURPOSE OF SPECIFIC EXPORT CERTIFICATE

Quality Certificates

Quality certificates are designed to confirm that products meet certain quality standards. Although Ukrainian certification authorities still take product samples for testing, a quality certificate issued by a U.S. regulatory agency (USDA/AMS, or USDA/GIPSA – see Section IV) or a copy of an ISO certificate for a production facility would expedite the clearance process in Ukraine. A sample quality certificate issued by a U.S. freight forwarder is provided in Appendix I.

^{**} The certificates issued in 1993 do not match today's basic standard and presumably are invalidated by Ukraine's State Veterinary Service.

^{***} These certificates are endorsed by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), but agreed to by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS). FAS/Kyiv is unaware if the aforementioned U.S. Agencies can issue the Certificate along with NOAA.

^{****} FAS/Kyiv was never notified about cancellation of the certificate by the Ukrainian Veterinary Service. Nevertheless the exporter is expected to contact their Ukrainian partner to find out about current situation due to past BSE cases in US.

Certificate of Origin

The Certificate of Origin attests that imported products in a particular shipment originated from the United States. This information is used to determine the import duty (whether a country enjoys the Most Favorite Nation (MFN) status or not). Products produced in the United States enjoy MFN privileges in Ukraine, although recent changes to Ukraine's Import Tariff Code equalized MFN and non-MFN import tariff rates.

The Ukrainian Customs Service will accept a general-purpose Certificate of Origin identifying the seller, mode of transport, date of export, consignee, and a description of the merchandise. The Certificate of Origin may be prepared by the exporter or the freight forwarder, notarized and attested by a local U.S. Chamber of Commerce (see example in Appendix I.

Phytosanitary Certificates

The State Plant Quarantine Inspection Service of the Ministry of Agricultural Policy of Ukraine (SPQIS/MAPU) requires that a Phytosanitary Certificate (PPQ Form 577) issued by USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service accompany each shipment of plant products. The purpose of this certificate is to confirm that U.S. origin plants or plant products have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered free from quarantine pests and conform to requirements in the Ukrainian import phytosanitary permit (see Appendix). The "Attachment Sheet for Phytosanitary Certificate or Phytosanitary Certificate for Re-export" (PPQ Form 576) is used when the required information for phytosanitary certification does not fit on the original phytosanitary certificate.

The State Plant Quarantine Inspection Service of Ukraine also requires a phytosanitary certificate for certain processed plant products. In this case, the Export Certificate for Processed Plant Products (PPQ form 578) must accompany the shipment. This certificate attests that the processed plant product has been inspected by the U.S. Government and that the shipment was processed or manufactured to the extent that there is negligible risk of harboring dangerous plant pests of specific concern to Ukraine.

Veterinary Certificate

The purpose of the veterinary certificate required by the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine is to clearly identify imported product, means and route of transportation, packaging, consignee and consignor as well as insure clear epizootic/disease status of the country, state, premise and allotment of the imported item. Since the Ukrainian State Veterinary Inspection Service has authority over imported food products intended for human consumption, wholesomeness or public safety statements might be required in some certificates.

(Please note that the Ukrainian State Veterinary Service certification requirements are in compliance with Chapters 1.1.1. and 1.2.2. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code – 2005 of OIE.)

Health Certificates

The health certificate confirms that food is fit for human consumption and meets the exporting country's safety requirements. The GOU negotiated and approved forms of certain veterinary and health certificates with various U.S. Government Agencies (see table in Section I).

For processed and consumer ready products, the State Sanitary Service of the Ministry of Health Care is ultimately responsible for food safety. A U.S. producer or FDA can issue such a certificate. In addition to the certificate, the producer/exporter should be prepared to present product specification, registration certificate and food safety testing results from the exporting country (if available) upon request from the State Sanitary Service.

Important Note: Although Ukrainian legislation clearly identifies the agency with controlling authority, imported products are often subject to duplicative testing and certification form the Sanitary and Veterinary Control as well as State Committee for Technical Regulations and Consumer Policy. The importer should be ready to provide a valid export certificate to all 3 authorities. For more information on import regulations refer to our Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards Report.

SECTION III. SPECIFIC ATTESTATIONS REQUIRED ON EXPORT CERTIFICATES

There are no known specific attestations required on certificates of origin and quality certificates beyond the standard attestations used in international trade.

Phytosanitary Certificates

Specific attestations regarding fumigation and pest-free status are indicated on the Ukrainian import permit and must be made in the appropriate section of the PPQ form 577 (see Appendix I). These import requirements outlined in the permit depend on the plant or plant material and its origin within the United States. For instance, the Ukrainian phytosanitary import permit provided in Appendix I contains specific requirements for rice and wheat flour. These products must be free from certain *Trogoderma* species and *Paralipsa gularis*. In addition, products originating or transiting through the States of Texas and Minnesota must be fumigated upon entry into Ukraine.

For information on import requirements for seeds, please refer to <u>Ukraine's Planting Seeds</u>
<u>Report</u>. Interested U.S. exporters are encouraged to request phytosanitary import requirements for their products through FAS's Agricultural Affairs Office in Kyiv.

Veterinary Certificate

Please note that the Ukrainian State Committee of Veterinary Medicine and State Veterinary Inspection Service (organizations responsible for conducting border control) are responsible for a broad range of products which includes live animals, meat, processed product and forage products that do not contain components of animal origin. Since the list is much broader than in other countries, the veterinary certificate requirement for such products may cause confusion in the exporting country.

A brief comparison of the attestation requirements is attached to this report and the bilateral U.S. – Ukraine certificates reveal significant discrepancies. In fact, none of the signed U.S.-Ukraine veterinary certificates mirror the officially prescribed attestation requirements. This is because Ukraine's Veterinary Service agreed to drop some requirements for live animals of U.S. origin or U.S. product during negotiations. In all these instances the bilateral certificate overrules attestation requirements and is accepted by Ukraine's Veterinary Inspection Service at the border. FAS Kyiv is aware of some instances when border officials insisted on official attestation requirements, but all cases were quickly settled when the Central Office of the State Veterinary Inspection Service intervened.

Official attestation requirements listed in Appendix III are necessary and set conditions necessary for import of a product to Ukraine. This means if any U.S. agency can guarantee

all requirements are met then no additional negotiations are needed and the product may enter Ukraine. FAS Kyiv is aware of one such case in the past, but the certificate was renegotiated in 2004.

Health Certificates

Unless otherwise mentioned for FSIS or NOAA issued certificates, no known specific attestation requirements need to be made on health certificates. The State Sanitary Service accepts a general purpose Health Certificate for processed and consumer ready foods that includes a statement that "products are fit for human consumption". The Service performs mandatory food safety testing in its labs in Ukraine upon receipt of the certificate.

SECTION IV. CERTIFICATE'S LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

All certificates indicated in Section I are required by various Ukrainian laws or agreements that were negotiated between the US and Ukrainian governments; therefore, no export certificate derogation is possible. The certificates must accompany the shipment and be issued for each mode of transport (vessel, container, etc.). Ukrainian authorities will delay customs clearance until all required original certificates are presented.

The exporter must insure the production dates provided in the official certificate and those listed on the box labels meet Ukrainian requirements. It is highly desirable to contact Ukrainian partners in order to find out the requirements for specific shipments and allotments of exported goods. In most cases products produced 5 days apart maybe classified as those belonging to different allotments and requiring different certificates.

Normally, no more than 14 days should elapse from the date the product is inspected and form PPQ 577 is issued.

SECTION V. OTHER CERTIFICATION/ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS

Although there are no specific requirements for quality certificates, U.S. exporters are encouraged to obtain quality certificates for products regulated by USDA's AMS and GIPSA and health certificates issued by the FDA, whenever possible. USDA issued certificates will assure a higher level of recognition by appropriate Ukrainian regulatory agencies compared with producer/supplier issued certificates. The following mandatory and voluntary certificates are available from AMS and GIPSA:

The Federal-State Inspection Certificate-Export Apple Act--required for apples exported from the United States to confirm minimum quality and other requirements established by the Export Apple Act.

Federal-State Inspection Certificate-Export Grape and Plum Act--required for Vinifera grapes exported from the United States to confirm minimum quality and other requirements established by the Export Grape and Plum Act.

Voluntary Food Quality Certification--AMS offers a fee-based food quality certification service for fruits, vegetables, seeds, dairy, poultry and some other products.

Organic Certification--All producers and handler/processors wishing to label their products as organic must have their production and handling systems certified by USDA-accredited certifiers. Form more information on AMS certification programs, please visit the following page: http://www.ams.usda.gov/tmd/export/documentation.htm

Under the United States Grain Standards Act, official weighing and inspection of most grain exported from the United States is mandatory. For more information on GIPSA services, please visit the following site: http://151.121.3.117/programsfgis/services.htm

Appendix I. Export Certificate Requirements or Links to View Electronic Copies (in the Export Certificate Matrix in Section I)

Phytosanitary Certification

U.S. Phytosanitary Certificate Form PPQ 577

Ukrainian Phytosanitary Import Permit (rice and wheat flour)



Certificate of Origin

CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN

SHIPPER/EXPORTER:					
	1	DATE:	31 Dec 2002		
	1	NVOICE NO	: F02-0456		
		ORDER NO.:	121-2993-00		
CONSIGNED TO:		TERMS:			
		MARKS:	Rice VEPD03723 50 Kilo		
VIA: M/V B/L	TXAW		TA	EXAME	
QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	L 28L 2	Obsertlit Millewille		
21,750	Bags: Milled Rice- 50 kilo Net: 2,397,503 lbs 1,087,500 kgs				
	(Agent), does hereby declare for the all ped on the above date and consigned as indica DF AMERICA dated at Washington, DC on the	ited and are pr	oducts of:		
Sworn to me before this 3	December 2002		4		
District of Columbia		A	Fredomen		
Notary Public (Comm. Ex	p. 12/14/03)	Signature So	wher of Agent		
The		//	, a recognized	Chamber of Com	merc
under the laws of the State	of , has examined th	e manufacture	er's invoice or shippe	r's affidavit conce	erning
	lise, and, according to the best of its knowledg				

Quality Certificate

Logistics

CERTIFICATE OF QUALITY

HIPPER/EXPORTER:

DATE:

30 Dec 2002

INVOICE NO.: F02-0456

ORDER NO.: 121-2993-00

TERMS:

MARKS:

Rice VEPD03723

VEPD0372 50 Kilo

TA: M/V SI B/L No.

ONSIGNED TO:

UANTITY

DESCRIPTION

1,750

Bags: Milled Rice- 50 kilo Net: 2,397,503 lbs 1,087,500 kgs

U.S. No. 2 or better Long Grain Milled Rice Broken Kernels – 7.0% Maximum. This RICE was of the 2002 Crop Year.

Logistics LLC

Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Tel: (202) FMC Washington, D.C.

Fax:

Appendix II. Electronic Copies of U.S.-Ukraine Bilateral Export Certificates

FAS/Kyiv has chosen not to provide electronic copies of the certificates in this report. Copies of the certificates can be found by using the web links provided in the Export Certificate Matrix in Section I of the report.

In all cases only the statements found in the certificates and the form numbers will be available to a viewer. Both FSIS and APHIS have not posted samples of the actual certificate to prevent certificate forgeries. The State Committee for Veterinary Medicine of Ukraine has adopted the same approach.

Appendix III. Veterinary Requirements for Products Imported into Ukraine that Fall Under the Control of the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine

(Based on Order # 71 from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine of the Ministry of Agricultural Policy, dated June 14, 2004)

(Note: Translation of the Document was provided by USAID, in Kyiv.)

1. Veterinary Requirements for Importation into Ukraine of Breeding Cattle and Utility Cattle

1.1 Only healthy breeding cattle born and raised in the exporting country, whose pregnancy does not exceed the period of 5 months, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. The animals must not be vaccinated against brucellosis, epidemic stomatitis (foot-and-mouth disease), leptospirosis and rinderpest, and must come from farms and administrative territories that are free of animal infectious diseases including:

bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) – in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

foot-and-mouth disease - during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, vesicular stomatitis - during 2 years in the country;

rinderpest – during the past 12 months in the country, in case of stamping-out - 6 months;

peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plague of small ruminants) - during the past 3 years in the country, in case of stamping-out – 6 month;

bovine lumpy skin disease – during the past 3 years in the country;

brucellosis, tuberculosis, leucosis and paratuberculosis - during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

infectious keratoconjunctivitis (pink-eye), infectious rhinotracheitis, viral diarrhea, besnoitiosis - during the past 12 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 1.2 Animals selected for shipment to Ukraine are not genetically related to cattle coming from territories that are not safe regarding bovine spongiform encephalopathy. The animals did not receive any feed of animal origin in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.
- 1.3 The selection of animals for shipment to Ukraine shall be executed with the assistance of a representative of Ukraine's State Veterinary Service.
- 1.4 Animals selected for shipment to Ukraine shall be kept at the exporting country's special quarantine bases for at least 30 days. The quarantine shall involve clinical examination of each animal including daily thermometry, diagnostic research, using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of:

leptospirosis - the results must be negative or the animals subjected to double dehydrostreptomycin treatment using methods applied in an exporting country;

leucosis, paratuberculosis – the results must be negative;

bovine brucellosis in agglutination reaction and complement fixation reaction – the results must be negative;

infectious rhinotracheitis – using blood samples, 2 times with an interval of 21 days, the results must be negative;

trichomoniasis – in case of cows - results of direct microscopic and bacteriological examination of vaginal mucus, in case of pedigree bulls – examination of prepuce washing - the results must be negative;

The animals were subjected to diagnostic examination for the purpose of detection of tuberculosis using the method of intracutaneous tuberculinization with negative results.

- 1.5 Not later than within 20 days prior to shipment, the animals shall be vaccinated against anthrax (unless they had been vaccinated 6 months before the shipment), subjected to prophylactic dehelminthization, and receive treatment against ectoparasites.
- 1.6 In case that over the quarantine period, the diagnostic examination appears to reveal certain positive reactions (serum, allergic, etc.) with some of the animals, a buyer's representative shall have the right to decline the purchase of all or some of the animals without any penalty connected to such decline. In this case, the information shall be immediately communicated to the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 1.7 The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 1.8 Compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating dates, methods, and results of diagnostic examinations and prophylactic vaccinations.
- 1.9 The importation of animals into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 1.10 Upon the importation into Ukraine and veterinary and sanitary clearance, the animals shall be subject to 30 day quarantine in a specially prepared facility. This period shall be used for the necessary diagnostic examinations envisaged by the sanitary code at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of brucellosis, tuberculosis, paratuberculosis, leucosis, trichomoniasis, kampylobacteriosis, leptospirosis, infectious rhinotracheitis and clamidiosis.

2. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Bovine Semen

- 2.1 Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall be sperm obtained from bulls at artificial insemination enterprises that are under the constant supervision of the state veterinary service of the exporting country.
- 2.2 The sperm must come from an enterprise (station, center etc.) and administrative territories that have been officially declared free of any animal infectious diseases including:

foot-and-mouth disease -during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

vesicular stomatitis, rinderpest, contagious pleuropneumonia, peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plaque of small ruminants), bovine lumpy skin disease – during the past 12 months in the country;

brucellosis, leucosis, tuberculosis and paratuberculosis - during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

infectious rhinotracheitis, viral diarrhea, trichomoniasis, kampylobacteriosis, leptospirosis - during the past 12 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 2.3 Bulls from which sperm is obtained for exporting must not be vaccinated against brucellosis.
- 2.4 Animals did not receive any feed of animal origin in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.
- 2.5 Donor bulls were kept at the artificial insemination center during a period of 6 months prior to taking of sperm and were not used for natural insemination.
- 2.6 Within 30 days before the taking of sperm, the bulls shall undergo clinical examination using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of tuberculosis- 2 times with an interval no less then 60 days, paratuberculous enteritis, brucellosis, leptospirosis, leucosis,

bluetongue, infectious rhinotracheitis, viral diarrhea, trichomoniasis, kampylobacteriosis, chlamydiosis and other infectious diseases.

The presence in the sperm of pathogenic and toxicogenic microorganisms and blood cells shall not be tolerated.

- 2.7 The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations.
- 2.8 The veterinary certificate shall be attached data sheet indicating the following data:

breed, name and number of the bull;

date, month and year of sperm taking;

number of canisters in the Dewar flask;

number of series and doses per canister.

Sperm intended for exporting shall be packed and shipped in special containers (vessels) filled with liquid nitrogen.

- 2.9 The importation of sperm into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 2.10 Before use at the territory of Ukraine sperm shall be examined for the purpose of detection of leptospirosis, infectious rhinotracheitis and clamidiosis.

3. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Cattle Embryos

- 3.1 Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall be embryos obtained from healthy pedigree animals not vaccinated against brucellosis, leptospirosis and foot-and-mouth disease. Bulls must be kept at artificial insemination enterprises, and cows that are embryo donors, at centers, stations or farms of exporters that have been officially declared free of any animal infectious diseases, and under the constant supervision of the state veterinary service of the exporting country from the moment of birth.
- 3.2 Sperm used for insemination of donor cows shall be in compliance with the Ukrainian veterinary requirements. A copy of the veterinary certificate for the sperm shall be attached. Donor cows were kept at the farm for the last 60 days and did not have any contact with animals imported into the exporting country during the last 12 months.
- 3.3 The administrative territory of the exporting country must be free of animal infectious diseases including:

foot-and-mouth disease -during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

vesicular stomatitis, contagious pleuropneumonia, rinderpest, peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plaque of small ruminants) – during the past 12 months in the country;

3.4 The cattle embryo cultivation centers must be free of animal infectious diseases including: brucellosis, leucosis, tuberculosis, and paratuberculosis - during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

infectious rhinotracheitis, viral diarrhea, trichomoniasis, kampylobacteriosis, leptospirosis, besnoitiosis, infectious keratoconjunctivitis (pink-eye) - during the past 12 months.

- 3.5 Animals did not receive any feed of animal origin in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.
- 3.6 Donor cows used to obtain embryos and bulls that yielded sperm used to inseminate the cows, are regularly subjected to clinical and diagnostic examination using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of tuberculosis, paratuberculosis, brucellosis, leptospirosis, leucosis, viral diarrhea, infectious rhinotracheitis, trichomoniasis, kampylobacteriosis, chlamydiosis and other infectious diseases.
- 3.7 Following the obtaining of embryos, Donor cows and bulls must be kept under supervision of state veterinary doctors during a period of at least 30 days. In case of discovery during this period of any infectious diseases listed in these Requirements export of embryos to Ukraine shall be stopped.
- 3.8. Frozen and thawed material (embryos and the containing fluid) must be free from pathogenic and toxicogenic microorganisms.
- 3.9. Sperm intended for exporting shall be packed and shipped in special containers (vessels) filled with liquid nitrogen.

- 3.10. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations of parent couples.
- 3.11. The importation of embryos into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.

4. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Cattle, Sheep and Goats for Slaughtering

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

5. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Pedigree and Utility Sheep and Goats

5.1. Only healthy pedigree sheep and goat born and grown in the exporting country, not pregnant, not vaccinated against brucellosis, bluetongue, foot-and-mouth disease, and leptospirosis shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. The animals must come from farms and administrative territories that are free of animal infectious diseases including:

scrapie of sheep - – in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

infectious pleuropneumonia, sheep and goat pox - during the past 3 years in the country;

foot-and-mouth disease - during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

Q-fever, bluetongue, peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plague of small ruminants), Rift Valley fever - during the past 12 months in the country;

paratuberculosis - during the past 5 years at the enterprise (farm);

medi visna, adenomatosis, arthritis-encephalitis, brucellosis, tuberculosis, paratuberculosis - during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

infectious epididymite - during the past 12 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 5.2. Animals did not receive any feed of animal origin in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.
- 5.3. The selection of animals for shipment to Ukraine shall be executed with the assistance of a representative of Ukraine's State Veterinary Service.
- 5.4. Animals selected for shipment to Ukraine shall be kept at the exporting country's special quarantine bases for at least 30 days under the supervision of a representative of Ukraine's State Veterinary Service. The quarantine shall involve clinical examination of each animal including daily thermometry, diagnostic research, using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of brucellosis, epididymite, tuberculosis, bluetongue, paratuberculosis, chlamydiosis, medi visna, adenomatosis, arthritis-encephalitis, listeriosis, leptospirosis with negative results or animals subjected to double dehydrostreptomycin treatment using methods applied in an exporting country.
- 5.5. Not later than within 20 days prior to shipment to Ukraine, the animals shall be vaccinated against anthrax (unless they had been vaccinated 6 months before the shipment).
- 5.6. Animals shall be subjected to prophylactic dehelminthization, and receive treatment against ectoparasites.
- 5.7. In case that over the quarantine period, the diagnostic examination appears to reveal certain positive reactions (serum, allergic, etc.) with some of the animals, a buyer's representative shall have the right to decline the purchase of all or some of the animals without any penalty connected to such decline. In this case, the information shall be immediately communicated to the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine of Ukraine.
- 5.8. The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 5.9. The compliance with Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and

in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations and prophylactic vaccinations.

- 5.10. The importation of animals into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 5.11. Upon the importation into Ukraine and veterinary and sanitary clearance, the animals shall be subject to 30-day quarantine in a specially prepared facility. This period shall be used for the necessary diagnostic examinations under the supervision of the State veterinary service.

6. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Sperm from Tupping Rams

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

7. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Pedigree and Utility Pigs

7.1. Only healthy pedigree pigs born and grown in the exporting country, not vaccinated against hog cholera, leptospirosis, Aujeszky's disease (mad itch), and Teschen disease, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. The animals must come from farms and administrative territories that are free of animal infectious diseases including:

African hog cholera - during the past 3 years in the country, in case of stamping-out - 12 months;

foot-and-mouth disease – during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

swine vesicular disease - during the past 12 months in the country;

hog cholera, Aujeszky's disease (mad itch), swine enteroviral encephalomyelitis (Teschen disease) - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory (state, province, land, district etc.), in case of stamping-out - 6 months; trichinosis, tuberculosis, brucellosis, and porcine reproductive and respiratory syndromeduring the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm).

- 7.2. Selection of animals for shipment to Ukraine shall be executed with the assistance of a representative of Ukraine's State Veterinary Service. Animals selected for shipment to Ukraine shall be kept at the exporting country's special quarantine bases for at least 30 days under the supervision of a representative of Veterinary Service of exporting country.
- 7.3. The quarantine shall involve:

clinical examination of each animal including daily thermometry;

diagnostic research, using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of hog cholera, porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome, brucellosis, tuberculosis, swine vesicular disease and atrophic rhinitis with negative results;

diagnostic research for the purpose of detection of leptospirosis – with negative results or animals subjected to double dehydrostreptomycin treatment using methods applied in an exporting country.

- 7.4. Not later than within 20 days prior to shipment to Ukraine, the animals shall be vaccinated against anthrax (unless they had been vaccinated 6 months before the shipment).
- 7.5. Not later than within 20 days prior to shipment to Ukraine, the pigs shall be vaccinated against swine erysipelas with inactivated vaccine. Animals shall be subjected to prophylactic dehelminthization, and receive treatment against ectoparasites.
- 7.6. In case that over the quarantine period, the diagnostic examination appears to reveal certain positive reactions (serum, allergic, etc.) with some of the animals, a buyer's representative shall have the right to decline the purchase of all or some of the animals without any penalty connected to such decline. In this case, the information shall be immediately communicated to the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 7.7. The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 7.8. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations and prophylactic vaccinations.

- 7.9. The importation of animals into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 7.10. Upon the importation into Ukraine and veterinary and sanitary clearance, the pigs shall be subject to 30-day quarantine in a specially prepared facility. This period shall be used for the necessary diagnostic examinations for the purpose of detection of hog cholera, porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome, brucellosis, leptospirosis, tuberculosis, swine vesicular disease at the state veterinary laboratory using methods envisaged by the International sanitary code.

8. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation of Porcine Semen into Ukraine

- 8.1. Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall be sperm obtained from boars at artificial insemination enterprises that are under the constant supervision of the state veterinary service of the exporting country.
- 8.2. The sperm must come from an enterprise (station, center etc.) and administrative territories that have been officially declared free of any animal infectious diseases including:

African hog cholera - during the past 3 years in the country;

foot-and-mouth disease – during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

swine vesicular disease - during the past 12 months in the country;

hog cholera, Aujeszky disease (mad itch), swine enteroviral encephalomyelitis (Teschen disease) - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory (state, province, land, district etc.);

tuberculosis, brucellosis, trichinosis, and porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome, leptospirosis during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm).

- 8.3. Keeping of animals and taking of sperm from boars shall be conducted in compliance with the established veterinary and sanitary requirements.
- 8.4. Boars from which sperm is obtained for exporting, shall not be vaccinated against hog cholera and shall be kept at the artificial insemination center during a period of at least 6 months prior to collection of sperm and shall not be used for natural insemination.
- 8.5. Within 30 days before the taking of sperm, the boars shall undergo clinical examination using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of hog cholera, tuberculosis, brucellosis, Aujeszky disease (mad itch), leptospirosis, swine vesicular disease, porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome and atrophic rhinitis. The presence in the sperm of pathogenic and toxicogenic microorganisms and blood cells shall not be tolerated.
- 8.6. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations.
- 8.7. The veterinary certificate shall be attached data sheet indicating the following data:

breed, name and number of the boar; date, month and year of sperm taking; number of canisters in the Dewar flask; number of series and doses per canister.

- 8.8. Sperm intended for exporting shall be packed and shipped in special containers (vessels) filled with liquid nitrogen.
- 8.9. The importation of sperm into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 9. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Pigs for Slaughtering

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

- 10. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Breeding, Utility, and Racing Horses
- 10.1. Only healthy young animals for breeding and adult horses born and grown in the exporting country, whose pregnancy does not exceed the period of 3 months, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. The horses must

not be vaccinated against all types of infectious encephalomyelitis, flu, African horse cholera and must come from farms and administrative territories that are free of animal infectious diseases including:

coupling disease, African horse cholera, glanders, Venezuela encephalomyelitis – during the past 2 years in the country;

vesicular stomatitis, horse flu - during the past 12 months in the country;

horse infectious metritis, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, rabies – during the past 12 months in the administrative territory;

infectious encephalomyelitis of horses of western and eastern types, rhinopneumonia, infectious anemia, scab, horse-pox – during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

Horses selected for shipment into Ukraine shall have no clinical signs of viral arteritis during 28 day period prior to shipment; the results of blood samples diagnostic examination, carried out at 14 day interval, must be negative.

- 10.2. Horses selected for shipment to Ukraine shall be kept at the exporting country's special quarantine bases for at least 30 days under the supervision of a representative of Ukraine's State Veterinary Service. The quarantine shall involve clinical examination of each horse including daily thermometry, diagnostic research, using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of glanders, coupling disease, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, rhinopneumonia, anaplasmosis, infectious metritis, infectious anemia, viral arteritis, leptospirosis, vesicular stomatitis. The diagnostic examinations for the purpose of detection of coupling disease and glanders shall be carries out during 15 day period prior to the shipment; for detection of horse infectious anemia during 30 day period; for detection of viral arteritis 2 times during 28 day period at 14 day interval. The animals shall be vaccinated with inactivated vaccine against flu. Not later than within 20 days prior to shipment to Ukraine, the animals shall be vaccinated against anthrax (unless they had been vaccinated 6 months before the shipment). Animals shall be subjected to dehelminthization and received treatment against ectoparasites.
- 10.3. In case that over the quarantine period, the diagnostic examination appears to reveal certain positive reactions (serum, allergic, etc.) with some of the animals, a buyer's representative shall have the right to decline the purchase of all or some of the animals without any penalty connected to such decline. In this case, the information shall be immediately communicated to the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 10.4. The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 10.5. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates and results of diagnostic examinations and prophylactic vaccinations.
- 10.6. The importation of animals into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 10.7. Upon the importation into Ukraine and veterinary and sanitary clearance, the animals shall be subject to 30 day quarantine in a specially prepared room. This period shall be used for the necessary diagnostic examinations under the supervision of the state veterinary service.

11. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Racing Horses for the Participation in International Racing Competitions

11.1. Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall only be healthy horses not vaccinated against all types of infectious encephalomyelitis and African horse cholera and coming from farms and administrative territories that are free of animal infectious diseases including:

 $coupling\ disease,\ African\ horse\ cholera,\ glanders,\ Venezuela\ encephalomyelitis-during\ the\ past\ 2\ years\ in\ the\ country;$

 $vesicular\ stomatitis,\ horse\ flu\ -\ during\ the\ past\ 12\ months\ in\ the\ country;$

horse infectious metritis, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, rabies – during the past 12 months in the administrative territory;

infectious encephalomyelitis of horses of western and eastern types, rhinopneumonia, infectious anemia, scab, horse-pox – during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

Horses selected for shipment into Ukraine shall have no clinical signs of viral arteritis during 28 day period prior to shipment; the results of blood samples diagnostic examination, carried out at 14 day interval, must be negative.

11.2. Prior to shipment to Ukraine, the horses shall be kept for at least 30 days under the supervision of the state veterinary service of exporting country.

During the period, diagnostic research shall be carried out using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of glanders, coupling disease, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, anaplasmosis, rhinopneumonia, infectious metritis, infectious anemia, viral arteritis, and vesicular stomatitis.

- 11.3. Horses intended for participation in races, shall be inoculated with inactivated vaccine against flu not later than within 30-45 days prior to shipment to Ukraine.
- 11.4. The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 11.5. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates and results of diagnostic examinations and prophylactic vaccinations.
- 11.6. The importation of animals into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.
- 11.7. Upon the importation into Ukraine, the horses shall be placed and kept under the supervision of the state veterinary service. Horses brought in from different countries, shall be kept separately during the whole period of stay except for the time of participation in sporting events. Upon termination of the sporting events, all horses shall be subject to mandatory removal from Ukrainian territory.

12. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Sperm from Stud-horses.

- 12.1. Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall be sperm obtained from stud-horses at artificial insemination enterprises that are under the constant supervision of the state veterinary service of the exporting country.
- 12.2. The sperm must come from an enterprise (station, center etc.) and administrative territories that have been officially declared free of any animal infectious diseases including:

coupling disease, African horse cholera, glanders, Venezuela encephalomyelitis – during the past 2 years in the country;

vesicular stomatitis, horse flu - during the past 12 months in the country;

horse infectious metritis, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, rabies – during the past 12 months in the administrative territory;

infectious encephalomyelitis of horses of western and eastern types, rhinopneumonia, infectious anemia, scab, horse-pox – during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

The sperm taken during the year shall be examined for the purpose of detection of viral arthritis; the examination results must be negative.

At the day of taking sperm the donor stud-horses shall have no clinical signs of viral arthritis. Within 14 day period after taking sperm the donor stud-horses shall be subjected to serum diagnostic examination; the examination results must be negative.

- 12.3. Keeping of animals and taking of sperm from stud-horses shall be conducted in compliance with the established veterinary and sanitary requirements.
- 12.4. Stud-horses from which sperm is obtained for exporting, shall not be vaccinated against rhinopneumonia and shall be kept at the artificial insemination center during a period of at least 6 months prior to collection of sperm and shall not be used for natural insemination.
- 12.5. Within 30 days before the taking of sperm, the stud-horses shall undergo clinical examination using testing methods applied in an exporting country, at the state veterinary laboratory for the purpose of detection of glanders, coupling disease, Evansi trypanosome, piroplasmosis, nutaliosis, rhinopneumonia, anaplasmosis, horse infectious metritis, infectious anemia, viral arthritis, and vesicular stomatitis.

- 12.6. The presence in the sperm of pathogenic and toxicogenic microorganisms and blood cells shall not be tolerated.
- 12.7. The compliance with these Requirements must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of diagnostic examinations.
- 12.8. The veterinary certificate shall be attached data sheet indicating the following data:

breed, name and number of the stud-horse;

date, month and year of sperm taking;

number of canisters in the Dewar flask;

number of series and doses per canister.

- 12.9. Sperm intended for exporting shall be packed and shipped in special containers (vessels) filled with liquid nitrogen.
- 12.10. The importation of sperm into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.

13. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Horses for Slaughtering

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14. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Day-old Chicks of Different Poultry Species and Incubator Eggs

14.1. Only healthy day-old young birds of different poultry species and incubator eggs of such species of poultry shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. Birds and eggs must come from safe enterprises (incubators), which meet the requirements of Terrestrial Animal Health Code (hygienic and sanitary safety measures for breeding poultry enterprises and incubators), and stay in the zones that are free of bird infectious diseases including:

Newcastle disease, bird flu (pest) – during the past 3 years in the country; in case of stamping out – 6 months;

the poultry must come from the enterprises - free from: pox, Gamboro disease, Marek disease and leucosis, bird tuberculosis, infectious laryngotracheitis, infectious encephalomyelitis, infectious anemia, infectious bronchitis, infectious bursitis, adenovirus and rheovirus infection, rhinotracheitis (TRT), hemophiliosis, lay decline syndrome, chlamydiosis (ornithosis), viral enteritis, duck cholera, viral hepatitis, paramyxovirus and coronavirus infection, histomonosis, salmonellosis (pulorosis), pasteureliosis, mycoplasmosis and other acutely contagious diseases – during the past 12 months.

The importation of poultry products into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon the examination of the epizootic situation regarding acutely contagious and chronic diseases of poultry in supplying enterprises by means of site visiting carried out by state veterinary medicine specialists of the importing country.

14.2. Parent hen and turkey flock shall be subjected to diagnostic examination. No birds with positive reactions must be detected.

The parent poultry flock shall not be vaccinated against any diseases that are not detected in Ukraine, or vaccinated with live vaccines (with the exception of such vaccines as were agreed upon with the importing country, and such vaccines after the application of which, in subsequent vaccinations, inactivated vaccines were applied).

14.3. The day-old young birds shall be obtained from incubator poultry eggs that meet the veterinary requirements set forth in Clause 14.1.

If needed, the day-old young birds of different poultry species shall be vaccinated against diseases which are typical for the species and age concerned and in accordance with vaccinal prevention schemes approved by the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine. The certificate shall specify the type of vaccine and the date of vaccination.

Young birds must be qualified (suitable for raising), vivacious, promptly responding to sound, and standing firmly on their legs;

they must have soft and retracted abdomen with tightly closed umbilical ring, pink clean cloaca, clear round prominent and bright eyes;

the fluff must be dried, soft and shining down, evenly distributed over the entire body; in case of white-feathered birds, the fluff must be even pigmentation;

chickens and turkey poults shall have wings tightly pressed to trunk and taut keel bone. Enclosed shall be a certificate and technological specifications for the poultry cross in question.

- 14.4. Incubator eggs shall be obtained from birds that are in compliance with veterinary requirements set forth in Clause 14.1.
- 14.5. Incubator eggs shall be disinfected twice using methods applied in the exporting country: no later than two hours after lay and immediately prior to importation into Ukraine by the importer.
- 14.6. Incubator eggs and day-old young birds of different poultry species shall be shipped in disposable containers.
- 14.7. The vehicles shall be treated and prepared for shipping in line with rules applied in the exporting country.
- 14.8. The compliance with these Requirements in regard to each consignment of birds or incubator eggs must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate (the form approved by the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine) issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language indicating methods, dates, and results of serologic and diagnostic examinations, and infectious diseases against which the parent flock concerned was vaccinated, complete with indication of when did the vaccination take place, and with application of what vaccines.
- 14.9. The importation into Ukraine of day-old young birds and incubator eggs with the relevant markings adopted in the exporting country shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine.

The permit shall be granted upon consideration by the Veterinary Offices of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and oblasts, of the following documents:

application approved by the oblast State Inspector of the Veterinary Medicine;

commission report on the results of the epizootic examination of the supplying enterprise (farm) with the indication of the epizootic situation in the administrative territory;

report on epizootic inspection of supplying enterprise (farm) with the indication of existing conditions and facilities for quarantine;

vaccinal prevention schemes approved by the oblast State Inspector of Veterinary Medicine;

original or hard copy of the relevant contract, to be submitted no later than 15 days before the actual importation.

14.10. The quarantine of birds shall involve a daily clinical examination, the appropriate veterinary measures and vaccination in accordance with the vaccinal prevention schemes as approved by the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine. Samples of eggs or birds shall be taken from each consignment of incubator eggs or birds according to norms of sampling, and shall be dispatched to the state or attested and certifies laboratories of veterinary medicine, for the conduct of the necessary laboratory and diagnostic examination (at the expense of owners).

In case of detection of infecting agents in the incubator eggs or indications of infectious diseases in birds as indicated in these Requirements, the further importation shall be terminated.

15. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Fur-bearing Animals, Rabbits, Dogs and Cats

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

16. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Wild, Zoo and Circus Animals

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

- 17. Veterinary Requirements to the Import of Live Fish, Fertilized Hard-Roe, Crawfishes, Mollusks, Food Invertebrates and other Aquatic Lives to Ukraine
- 17.1. It is permitted to import to Ukraine healthy aquatic lives (fish, fertilized hard-roe, crawfish, toads, mollusks, invertebrates) that originate from households and administrative territories free from contagious diseases including: viral hemorrhagic septicemia of trout (VHS), infectious pancreas necrosis of salmons (IPN), infectious hemopoietic necrosis of salmons (IHN), salmons aeromonosis (furunculosis), salmons micsozomosis, carp

spring veremia (VPS), eel dracunculidosis – during last three years when locating in the household (in the ponds they are exported from).

- 17.2. Population, from which the lots of aquatic lives are selected, as well as fertilized hard-roe should be examined in a state veterinary laboratory with the use of parasitologic, bacteriologic and virology methods accepted in the country-exporter so as to avoid the penetration of pathogenic organisms for aquatic lives.
- 17.3. Food organisms (mosquito grubs, artemia eggs, etc.) should not contain toxicogenic and pathogenic microorganisms.
- 17.4 It is prohibited to import young eels bred in freshwater ponds.
- 17.5. Aquatic lives shall be supplied in disposable containers.
- 17.6. Transport means shall be processed and made ready according to the regulations accepted in the country-exporter.
- 17.7. Meeting the conditions specified in these Requirements should be entirely confirmed by the veterinary certificate of the country of consignment (origin) in the original signed by a state veterinary doctor of the country of consignment and executed in the language of the country of consignment and in Ukrainian with the research techniques, dates and results being specified therein.
- 17.8. Aquatic lives importation to the territory of Ukraine shall be possible after the permit of the regional service of the veterinary-sanitary control and supervision on the state border and transport has been received.

18. Veterinary Requirements for the Import of Honey Bees, Humbles and Lucerne Leaf-Cutting Bees to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

19. Veterinary Requirements for the Import of Reindeers to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

20. Veterinary Requirements for the Import of Camels to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

21. Veterinary Requirements for the Import of Primates to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

22. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Meat and Meat Products

22.1. Only meat in the form of carcasses, half carcasses, quarter carcasses, frozen meat blocks, and meat products that were received from the slaughter and processing of healthy animals at meat-processing facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. Slaughter animals did not receive any feed of animal origin in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.

The importation of by-products shall be allowed only for the purposes of industrial processing with specification of the particular meat processing enterprise.

- 22.2. Animals the meat of which is intended for exporting to Ukraine, shall be subject to veterinary examination, and carcasses and organs thereof to postmortem veterinary and sanitary examination by the State Veterinary Service of the exporting country. It shall be certified that the meat is safe for human consumption.
- 22.3. Carcasses (half carcasses, quarter carcass) shall have clear inspection mark of the state veterinary supervision indicating name or number of the slaughtering enterprise (meat slaughtering and processing enterprise, slaughter-house) where the animals were slaughtered. Meat and meat products received from slaughtering and processing of healthy animals, raised at farms (enterprises) and administrative territories that have been officially declared free of animal diseases including:
- a) cattle:

bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) – during the past 8 years after the country in question was declared safe;;

foot-and-mouth disease -during the past 12 months in the country or zone acknowledged by the International Epizootic Bureau;

contagious bovine pleuropneumonia - during 2 years in the country;

rinderpest – during the past 12 months in the country, in case of stamping-out - 6 months;

peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plague of small ruminants) - during the past 3 years in the country, in case of stamping-out – 6 month;

brucellosis - during the past 6 months at the enterprise (farm);

anthrax - during the past 20 days at the enterprise (farm);

b) for sheep and goats:

scrapie of sheep - in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

contagious bovine pleuropneumonia – during 2 years in the country;

rinderpest – during the past 12 months in the country, in case of stamping-out - 6 months;

peste des petits ruminants (PPR) (also known as plague of small ruminants) - during the past 3 years in the country, in case of stamping-out – 6 month;

bluetongue - during the past 12 months in the country;

adenomatosis, medi visna, arthritis-encephalitis - during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

sheep and goat pox – during the past 12 months at the enterprise (farm);

anthrax - during the past 20 days at the enterprise (farm).

c) for pigs:

African hog cholera – during the past 3 years in the country;

swine vesicular disease - during the past 2 years in the country, in case of stamping-out - 9 months;

hog cholera, Aujeszky's disease (mad itch), swine enteroviral encephalomyelitis (Teschen disease) - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory (state, province, land, district etc.), in case of stamping-out - 6 months;

trichinosis – during the past 3 years at the enterprise (farm);

porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome - during the past 12 months at the enterprise (farm);

swine erysipelas - during the past 20 days at the enterprise (farm).

The carcasses were examined for the purpose of detection of trichinae with negative results and were treated using methods which ensure the complete destroying of parasite maggots.

22.4. Prohibited for importation into Ukraine shall be meat and meat products:

in which postmortem veterinary and sanitary examination revealed changes peculiar to foot-and-mouth disease, cholera, anaerobic infections, tuberculosis, leucosis and other contagious diseases, helminthes invasion (cysticercosis, trichinosis, sarcosporidiosis, onchocerciasis, echinococcosis etc.), as well as to contamination with various substances;

that were subjected to defrosting during storage period;

showing evidence of deterioration;

that have the internal muscle temperature close to bone over 8 degree Celsius (for frozen meat);

that have remnants of internal organs, show evidence of hematoma, unremoved abscesses, gadfly larvae, serous coats and lymphatic nodes removal, mechanical contamination, color, odor or smell unusual for meat (fish, drugs, medicinal herbs etc.);

that contain preservatives;

showing evidence of infection with salmonella or other bacterial infections;

that were treated with coloring substances, ionizing irradiation, or ultraviolet rays;

received from slaughter of animals affected by treatment with natural or synthetic estrogenic or hormonal substances, thyreostatic drugs, antibiotics and tranquilizers that were applied immediately prior to laughtering;

shredded or minced meat, as well as by-products from cattle, small ruminants, and pigs.

- 22.5. Microbiological, chemicotoxicological, and radiological characteristics of meat must be in compliance with hygienic quality requirements and safety rules for food products and food raw materials as stipulated by current Ukrainian norms.
- 22.6. Packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary requirements.
- 22.7. Transport means (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 22.8. The compliance with there Requirement must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 22.9. The importation of meat into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary and Sanitary Control at the State Border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.

23. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Poultry Meat

- 23.1. Only poultry meat received from the slaughter and processing of healthy birds at poultry-processing facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine.
- 23.2. Poultry, the meat of which is intended for exporting to Ukraine, shall be subject to veterinary examination, and carcasses and organs thereof to postmortem veterinary and sanitary examination by the State Veterinary Service of the exporting country. The meat must be certified as safe for human consumption.
- 23.3. Meat shall have marking (veterinary inspection mark) on packing.
- 23.4. Meat was received from slaughter and processing of healthy poultry raised at farms and reliable countries that have been officially declared free of contagious diseases including:
 - a) Newcastle disease, bird flu (highly pathogenic avian influenza) over the period of past 3 years on the territory of the country in question, where the stamping out is performed 6 months;
 - b) chicken and turkey farms: free of ornithosis (psittacosis), paramyxovirus infection, rhinotracheitis of turkeys, infectious laryngotracheitis, and infectious encephalomyelitis - over the period of past 6 months at the farm;
 - c) geese and duck farms: free of D disease, viral hepatitis of ducklings, and ornithosis (psittacosis) over the period of past 6 months at the farm;
 - d) Poultry delivered for slaughter from farms declared free from salmonellosis in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau.
- 23.5. Prohibited for importation into Ukraine shall be poultry meat:

that demonstrate changes peculiar to contagious diseases;

of poor quality as evidenced by results of the organoleptic examination;

that contain preservatives;

showing evidence of infection with salmonellae on surface of carcasses, inside muscles or tissues of organs;

that were treated with coloring substances and odorizes, ionizing irradiation, or ultraviolet rays;

that demonstrate dark pigmentation (with the exception of turkeys and guinea hens); showing evidence of deterioration;

received from poultry, which during raising process, fattening or prior to slaughtering were affected by treatment with natural or synthetic estrogenic or hormonal substances, thyreostatic remedies, antibiotics applied immediately prior to slaughtering.

- 23.6. The importation into Ukraine of sub-products, minced poultry meat and mechanically de-boned poultry meat shall only be authorized when intended for industrial processing at a specifically indicated poultry or meat-processing enterprise, or temporary cold storage facility.
- 23.7. Microbiological, chemicotoxicological, and radiological characteristics of meat must be in compliance with hygienic quality requirements and safety rules for foodstuffs and food raw materials according to current Ukrainian regulatory acts.
- 23.8. Packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary requirements.
- 23.9. Transport means shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 23.10. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 23.11. The importation of meat into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the state border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.

24. Veterinary Requirements to Import Horse Meat to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

25. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Canned Meat, Sausage, and other Prepared Meat Products

- 25.1. Only prepared meat products manufactured from meat of all species of animals and birds intended for human consumption, produced at facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine.
- 25.2. Raw meat used for manufacturing the products should come from clinically healthy animals and should be subjected to veterinary sanitary examination by the State Veterinary Service of the exporting country .
- 25.3. Beef and mutton must not originate from territories, which are not free from bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep. It is considered, that animals did not receive any fodder in the production of which any internal organs and tissues of ruminant animals were used.
- 25.4. The products are declared fit for human consumption and are in compliance with international standards. The products must have marking (veterinary inspection mark) on packing.
- 25.5. The products come from meat-packing facilities located on administrative territories that are free from the contagious diseases on list A of the International Epizootic Bureau, including:

African hog cholera - during the past 3 years, and 6 months after performed stamping out; rinderpest - during the past 12 months, and 6 months after performed stamping out; foot-and-mouth disease - during the past 6 months.

25.6. Microbiological, chemicotoxicological, and radiological characteristics of meat must be in compliance with hygienic quality requirements and safety rules for foodstuffs and food raw materials as stipulated by current Ukrainian regulatory acts.

- 25.7. Prepared products shall only be allowed for importation into Ukraine in inviolate packing and in hermetically sealed containers. Containers and packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary requirements of the exporting country.
- 25.8. Transport means shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 25.9. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 25.10. The importation of prepared meat products into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the state border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.

26. Veterinary Requirements to Import Rabbit Meat to Ukraine

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

27. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Milk and Milk Products

- 27.1. Only milk and milk products received from healthy animals raised at farms that have been officially declared free of any animal infectious diseases and manufactured at milk-processing facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine.
- 27.2. The milk and milk products are produced at and shipped from farms and administrative territories that are free from contagious animal diseases, including:

foot-and-mouth disease - during the past 12 months on the territory of the country or zone, recognized by the International Epizootic Bureau;

contagious bovine pleuropneumonia and bovine vesicular stomatitis - during the past 2 years on the territory of the country;

bovine plague - during the past 12 months on the territory of the country, and 6 months after performed stamping out;

pest of small ruminants - during the past 3 years on the territory of the country, and 6 months after performed stamping out;

27.3. Prohibited for importation into Ukraine shall be milk and milk products:

that are infected with salmonellae or other causative agents of the bacterial infections;

that were treated with coloring substances and odorizes, ionizing irradiation, or ultraviolet rays;

that contain natural or synthetic estrogenic or hormonal substances, thyreostatic, antibiotics and tranquilizers.

- 27.4. Milk used in production of milk products was subjected to heat treatment adequate for the suppression of tuberculosis mycobacteria and other pathogenic microflora that are dangerous for human health. Milk products intended for exporting, must be subjected to such processing that will result in guaranteed absence of viable pathogenic microflora. The products are declared fit for human consumption and for marketing without restriction.
- 27.5. Microbiological, chemicotoxicological, and radiological characteristics of milk and milk products must be in compliance with hygienic quality requirements and safety rules for foodstuffs and food raw materials as stipulated by current Ukrainian regulatory acts.
- 27.6. Milk and milk products demonstrating changed organoleptic indicators or violations of packing, shall not be allowed for importation into Ukraine.
- 27.7. Packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary requirements.
- 27.8. Transport means shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.

- 27.9. The importation of milk and milk products into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the state border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.
- 27.10. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 28. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Wild Animals Meat

Available from FAS/Kyiv Upon Request

29. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Edible Fish, Seafood, and Heat Treated Prepared Products

- 29.1. Only live, cooled, and frozen fish, seafood, and prepared products thereof that were subjected to heat treatment, intended for human consumption, and manufactured at facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine.
- 29.2. Accompanying forms shall specify the date of manufacturing (freezing) of fish and seafood.
- 29.3. Commercial sea and freshwater fish, as well as seafood, must be examined by the State veterinary service of the exporting country using testing methods applied therein, for the purpose of detection of helminthes (including anisakidae), bacterial and viral infections.
- 29.4. Freshwater fish must be free from infecting agents producing opistrochosis, diphyllobothriasis and other helminthiasis agents, which are dangerous for human being.
- 29.5. Prohibited for importation into Ukraine shall be fish and seafood:

that are infected with salmonellae or infecting agents of other bacterial diseases; that demonstrate changes peculiar to contagious diseases;

of poor quality as evidenced by results of the organoleptic examination;

that were subjected to defrosting during storage;

that were treated with coloring substances and odorizers, ionizing irradiation, or ultraviolet rays.

Importation of minced fish shall be allowed only for industrial processing.

- 29.6. The veterinary and sanitary examination of sea and freshwater fish, seafood, and prepared products manufactured thereof, must result in declaring thereof fit for human consumption. Microbiological, chemicotoxicological, and radiological characteristics of meat must be in compliance with hygienic quality requirements and safety rules for foodstuffs and food raw materials as stipulated by current Ukrainian norms.
- 29.7. Frozen ocean fish and seafood must have internal temperature not in excess of minus 18 degree Celsius.
- 29.8. Containers and packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary and hygienic requirements of the exporting country.
- 29.9. Transport means (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 29.10. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued by the country of origin, to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 29.11. The importation of a shipment into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the State Border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.
- 30. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Hide, Horn and Hoof, Gut, Fur, Sheepskin and Astrakhan Raw Materials, Wool and Goat Fluff, Bristle, Horsehair, Feathers and Down from Hens, Ducks, Geese and Other Birds

- 30.1. Only hide, horn and hoof, gut, fur, sheepskin and astrakhan raw materials, wool, goat fluff, bristle, horsehair, feathers and down from hens, ducks, geese and other birds, as well as other raw materials of animal origin received from healthy animals (birds) coming from farms (enterprises) officially declared free from contagious diseases of animals and manufactured at facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine.
- 30.2. The raw materials come from farms (enterprises) and administrative territories free from contagious diseases of animals (birds), including:

bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep – in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

African hog cholera, African horse cholera, camel cholera, and rinderpest - during the past 3 years in the country; foot-and-mouth disease, sheep and goat pox - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory in question (state, province, land, district, etc.);

anthrax - during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 30.3. All hide, fur, sheepskin and astrakhan raw materials must be subjected to research for the purpose of detection of anthrax. Feathers and down of birds shall be treated in the importer-country according to the technology which ensures extermination of infectious diseases (including Newcastle disease and avian influenza pathogens).
- 30.4. Hide and fur raw materials must be sorted out in compliance with the exporting country's standards currently in force and have distinct markings.
- 30.5. Raw materials shall be packed for shipping according to varieties and preservation methods. Preservation methods must be in line with international rules and guarantee veterinary and sanitary safety of exported raw materials.
- 30.6. Wool, goat fluff, bristle, horsehair, down and feathers that were not been submitted to hot-water rinse in the exporting country, shall be directed for further treatment (rinsing) to enterprises having the appropriate veterinary and sanitary conditions for that, have been examined and certified by territorial bodies of the State Veterinary Inspection and State Sanitary and Epidemiological Service and issued with permits for this activities by the Chief State Inspectors of the Veterinary Medicine of Ukrain.
- 30.7. Transport (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 30.8. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 30.9. The importation of raw materials in question into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the State Border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.

31. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Fish Meal

- 31.1. Only fish meal manufactured from oceanic fish raw material and shipped from facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. Allowed to be imported into Ukraine shall be fish flour produced by facilities located in territories free from contagious diseases of animals, including:
- 31.2. Fish flour shall conform with the following veterinary and sanitary requirements:

Overall bacterial contamination: not exceeding 500 thousand microbial cells in one gram.

Pathogenic microflora shall not be tolerated, including: salmonella in 25 grams; enteropathogenic escherichiae; botulinus toxin.

Shall not be tolerated: peroxide in excess of .3 % with respect to iodine; hexachlorane (isomer total) in excess of .2 mg per kilogram; DDT(metabolite total) in excess of .3 mg per kilogram; heptachlor;

lead in excess of 1.0 mg per kilogram; cadmium in excess of .2 mg per kilogram; mercury in excess of .6 mg per kilogram; arsenic in excess of 5.0 mg per kilogram. Radionuclide contamination shall not be in excess of 1.62 * 10(8) cesium in excess of 134. -137 curie per kilogram (600 becquerel)

- 31.3. The product was heat-treated at a temperature not lower than + 80 degree Celsius for 30 minutes. Packing material must be used for the first time and satisfy the sanitary requirements.
- 31.4. Transport means (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 31.5. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested to by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 31.6. The importation of fish flour in question into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the State Border and Transportation System which is responsible for the service area.

32. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Fodder and Fodder Additives of Animal Origin Including Those Manufactured from Poultry and Fish

32.1. Only fodder and fodder additives for animals feeding manufactured at facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. Fodder and fodder additives must be produced from fresh raw material of mammals and birds coming from administrative territories free from contagious diseases of animals and birds, including:

bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep – in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

African hog cholera, African horse cholera, camel cholera, and rinderpest - during the past 3 years in the country; Classical hog cholera, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep and goat pox, and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory in question;

Anthrax, brucellosis, leptospirosis, Aujeszky's disease (mad itch), and anaerobic infections - during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 32.2. Beef, mutton, byproducts and other raw materials received from cattle, as well as meat flour and meat-and-bone flour received from the countries that are not safe regarding the bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep shall not be used for the production of fodder.
- 32.3. Raw materials for fodder production shall be only of slaughterhouse origin and be subject to post-slaughter veterinary and sanitary examination conducted by the state veterinary service of the exporting country.
- 32.4. The raw materials shall be processed at a temperature not lower than +133 degrees Celsius (271.4 Fahrenheit) and for not less than 20 minutes at a pressure of 3 bars (42.824 pounds per square centimeter), or processed according to an alternative system of thermal treatment that is approved by the Veterinary Medicine Service and assures guarantees to meet the established microbiological standard.
- 32.5. The fodder and fodder additives shall not contain salmonella, botulinus toxins, enteropathogenic and anaerobic microflora. The overall bacterial contamination shall not exceed 500 thousand microbial cells in one gram. This must be confirmed by results of laboratory tests, a respective statement of which shall be made in the veterinary certificate.
- 32.6. Fodder and fodder additives shall be packed for shipping in moisture-proof containers.
- 32.7. Transport means (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 32.8. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully confirmed by an original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin and signed by a state veterinary doctor of an exporting country and made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language, with indication of the date of laboratory examination.
- 32.9. The delivery of commercial consignments shall be carried out upon examination of product samples at the State Scientific Research Institute for the Supervision of Veterinary Preparations and Fodder Additives in Lviv.

32.10. The importation of fodder and fodder additives in question into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the State Committee of Veterinary Medicine of Ukraine.

33. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Animal Feeds of Plant Origin (Feed Grains, Soybeans, Groundnut and Soybean meal)

33.1. Only animal fodder of plant origin manufactured at and shipped from administrative territories free from contagious diseases of animals, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine, including:

African hog cholera - during the past 3 years in the country;

foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, small ruminants plague, and African horse cholera - during the past 12 months in the administrative territory in question (state, province, land, district etc.)

- 33.2. Feed grains, soybeans, groundnut and soybean meal shall only be procured if not toxic for animals.
- 33.3. The exporting country shall confirm that in products intended for importation, the content of grain exhibiting indications of fusariose is not in excess of 1 %, while the content of heavy metals, mycotoxins, and pesticides is not in excess of that specified in international requirements and norms approved in Ukraine.
- 33.4. The total beta activity shall not be in excess of 60 becquerel per one kilogram for all the listed products.
- 33.5. Transport (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 33.6. The compliance with rules contained herein must be fully attested by:

An original veterinary certificate issued in the country of origin to be signed by a state veterinary doctor stating the administrative territory in question (state, province, land, district etc.) to be free from the above mentioned contagious diseases.

An original certificate of quality issued in the country of origin by a competent supervisory body of the exporting country (inspection, laboratory etc.) confirming that the content of heavy metals, mycotoxins, and pesticides, as well as total beta activity are not in excess of limits approved in Ukraine.

- 33.7. The certificates shall be made up in the language of the exporting country and in the Ukrainian language.
- 33.8. The importation of animal fodder of plant origin in question into Ukraine shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the state border and transportation system which is responsible for the service area.

34. Veterinary Requirements for the Importation into Ukraine of Cat and Dog Food

34.1. Only pet food intended for animals feeding and manufactured at facilities which are licensed by the Central Veterinary Service of the exporting country for supplying products for export, and are under permanent monitoring thereof, shall be allowed to be imported into Ukraine. Feeds are produced from fresh raw materials originating from administrative territories that are free from contagious diseases of animals and birds, including:

bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep – in conformance with the requirements of the International Veterinary Code of the International Epizootic Bureau;

African hog cholera, African horse plague, camel plague, and rinderpest – during the past 3 years in the country;

classical hog cholera, foot and mouth disease, sheep and goat pox, infectious bovine pleuropneumonia, and vesicular stomatitis – during the past 12 months in the administrative territory;

anthrax, brucellosis, leptospirosis, Aujeszky's disease (mad itch), and anaerobic infections – during the past 3 months at the enterprise (farm).

- 34.2. Beef, mutton, byproducts and other raw materials received from cattle, as well as meat flour and meat-and-bone flour received from the countries that are not safe regarding the bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and scrapie of sheep shall not be used for the production of food.
- 34.3. Raw materials shall be only of slaughterhouse origin and be subject to post-slaughter veterinary and sanitary examination carried out by a state veterinary service of the exporting country.

- 34.4. The food shall not contain salmonella, botulinus toxins, enteropathogenic and anaerobic microflora. The overall bacterial contamination should not exceed 500 thousand microbial cells in one gram. This must be confirmed by results of laboratory tests, a respective statement of which shall be made in the veterinary certificate.
- 34.5. The raw materials shall be processed at a temperature not lower than +133 degrees Celsius (271.4 degrees Fahrenheit) and for not less than 20 minutes at a pressure of 3 bars (42.824 pounds per square centimeter), or processed according to an alternative system of thermal treatment that is approved by the Veterinary Medicine Service and assures guarantees to meet the established microbiological standard.
- 34.6. Packing material shall be used for the first time and conform to sanitary and hygienic requirements.
- 34.7. Transport (vehicles) shall be treated and prepared in accordance with the rules approved in the exporting country.
- 34.8. Compliance with the conditions and requirements shall be completely confirmed by a veterinary certificate of the country of origin in the original, signed by a veterinarian, made both in the language of the exporting country and in Ukrainian language, and indicate the date, methods and results of laboratory tests.
- 34.9. The delivery of the commercial shipments shall be carried out after inspection of samples of the products at the State Scientific Research Institute of Veterinary Compounds and Food Additives and receipt of a registration certificate.
- 34.10. The importation into the territory of Ukraine of food and food additives shall only be authorized upon obtaining a permit from the Regional Service of State Veterinary Inspection at the state border and transportation system which is responsible for the service area.